

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

The 16th January, 1989

No. 9/(16)-83-SHB-II.—Whereas the Governor of Haryana is satisfied that the State of Haryana is threatened with an out break of dangerous epidemic disease, namely, Malaria and the ordinary provision of law for the time being in force are insufficient for the purpose. Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor of Haryana hereby makes the following regulations, namely :—

1. These regulations may be called the Haryana Epidemic Diseases (Malaria) Regulation, 1989.
2. In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires—
 - (a) "Epidemic Disease" means Malaria.
 - (b) "Passive Surveillance Centre" means any place which may be declared by the Deputy Commissioners concerned in exercise of the powers conferred upon him to be a passive surveillance centre.
 - (c) "Inspecting Officer" means a person appointed by the Director, Health Services or the Chief Medical Officer concerned to be an Inspecting Officer.
3. An Inspecting Officer who is unavoidably prevented from discharging all or any of the functions may by order in writing appoint any Medical Officer, Biologist, Assistant Entomologist, Entomological Assistant, Assistant Malaria Officer, Assistant Unit Officer (Malaria and Smallpox), Health Supervisor (Malaria), Senior Malaria Inspector, Senior Sanitary Inspector, Malaria Inspector, Health Inspector/Surveillance Inspector/Sanitary Inspector, Basic Health Worker, Superior Field Worker, Multipurpose Workers, Surveillance Worker, to discharge such functions and every official so appointed shall so far as such functions are concerned be deemed for the purpose of these regulations to be an inspecting officer.
4. An inspecting officer may enter any premises for the purpose of fever surveillance, treatment, anti-larval measures or spray. He may also authorise other persons of his team to enter such premises along with him, as he considers necessary.
5. An inspecting officer may put to any person any question he thinks fit, in order to ascertain whether there is any reason to believe or suspect that such person is or may be suffering from Malaria and such person shall give answer truly to question so put to him.
6. Whereasa result of such inspection or examination or otherwise the Inspecting Officer, considers that there is reasons to believe or suspect that such person is or may be infected with Malaria the Inspecting Officer may direct such person to give his blood slide for examination and to take such treatment as the Inspecting Officer may consider necessary. In case of the minor, such order shall be directed to the guardian or any other adult member of the family of the minor.
7. The Inspecting Officer may order any premises to be sprayed with insecticides or inter-domestic water collection to be treated with larvicides.
8. These regulations shall come into force at once and shall remain in force up to 31st December, 1989.

RAGHBIR SINGH,

Commissioner and Secretary to Government Haryana,
Health Department.PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
BUILDING AND ROAD BRANCH
GURGAON CIRCLE

The 18th January, 1989

No. 28GA/87B/3139.—In the Haryana Gazette notification No. 28GA/87-B/3116 dated 2nd November, 1988 published at page 1510 to 1513 of Haryana Government Gazette November 22, 1988 (AGHN) 1, 1910 SAKA Part I for acquisition of Land under the provision of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 at a public expense namely for constructing a road from Bagpur Kalan to Solra in Faridabad District, Km. 0 to 6. The name of village be read as Hassapur instead of Hassanpur.

(Sd.) . . .

Superintending Engineer,
Gurgaon Circle, P.W.D., B. & R. Branch.